



WEEKLY INFECTIOUS DISEASE BULLETIN
EPIDEMIOLOGICAL WEEK 5 31 Jan - 6 Feb 2016

	E Week 5			Cumulative first		5 Weeks
	2016*	2015	Median 2011 -2015	2016	2015	Median 2011 -2015
FOOD/WATER-BORNE DISEASES						
Campylobacteriosis	6	4	7	39	44	40
Cholera	0	0	0	1	0	0
Paratyphoid	0	0	1	2	3	3
Poliomyelitis	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salmonellosis (non-enteric fevers)	54	22	25	255	157	140
Typhoid	1	1	1	7	10	13
Acute Hepatitis A	0	1	2	6	7	11
Acute Hepatitis E	2	1	1	6	4	5
VECTOR-BORNE DISEASES						
Chikungunya Fever	0	2	0	3	6	3
Dengue Fever	528	212	212	2956	1192	1110
Dengue Haemorrhagic Fever	2	0	0	4	1	2
Malaria	0	0	0	1	1	5
Nipah virus infection	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plague	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
AIR/DROPLET-BORNE DISEASES						
Avian Influenza	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	0	0	0	0	0	0
Encephalitis	2	0	0	5	5	4
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hand, Foot And Mouth Disease	680	492	213	2778	2462	1655
Legionellosis	0	0	0	0	2	2
Measles	1	2	2	1	2	7
Melioidosis	0	1	0	5	6	4
Meningococcal Disease	0	0	0	1	1	0
Mumps	9	12	11	45	49	53
Pertussis	1	2	1	7	9	4
Pneumococcal Disease (invasive)	2	3	4	10	13	13
Rubella	0	0	0	1	1	5
Severe acute respiratory syndrome	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER DISEASES						
Acute hepatitis B	2	0	1	5	2	3
Acute hepatitis C	0	0	0	2	1	0
MERS-CoV						
Suspect cases tested	4	NA	NA	18	NA	NA
Other patients tested	2	NA	NA	19	NA	NA
POLYCLINIC ATTENDANCES - AVERAGE DAILY NUMBER***						
Acute upper respiratory infections	3125	2931	3242			
Acute conjunctivitis	75	90	102			
Acute Diarrhoea	519	474	479			
Chickenpox	11	20	NA			
HIV/STI/TB NOTIFICATIONS						
	2015	Dec		Cumulative 2015		
HIV/AIDS		31		413		
Legally Notifiable STIs**		605		7397		
Tuberculosis		143		1536		

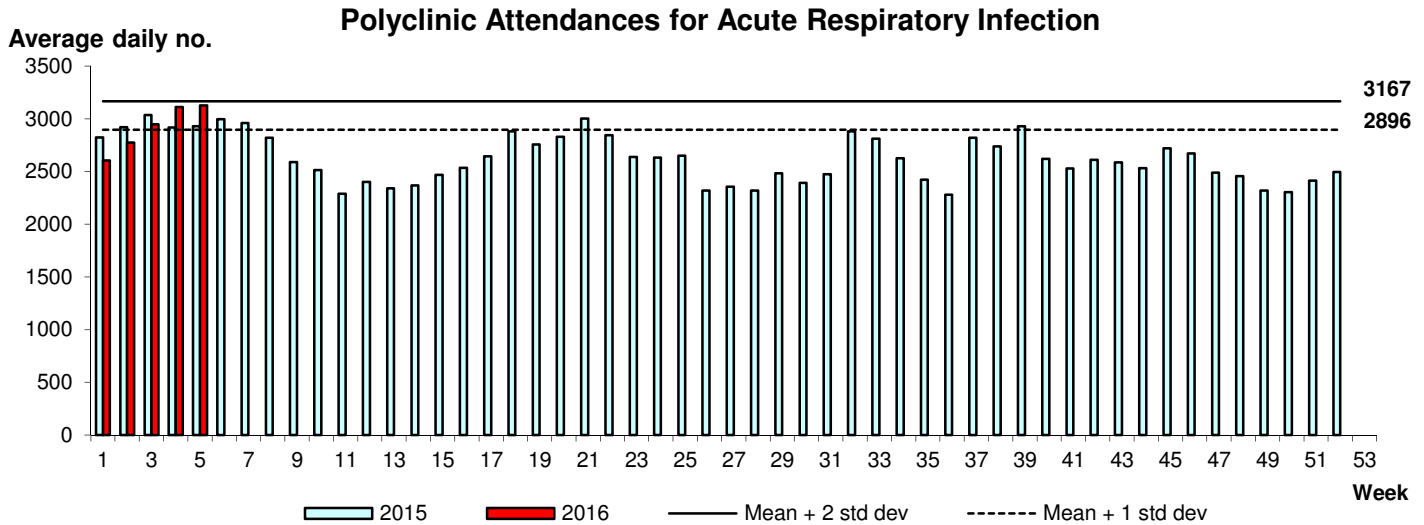
* Preliminary figures, subject to revision when more information is available.

2016 Notification	Epidemiological Week 5 31 Jan - 6 Feb 2016		Cumulative first 4 Weeks
FOOD/WATER-BORNE DISEASES			
Campylobacteriosis	6	Imported : sporadic Local : 6 sporadic	33 Imported : 2 sporadic Local : 31 sporadic
	Pending Investigation :		
Cholera	0	Imported : sporadic Local : sporadic	1 Imported : 1 sporadic Local : sporadic
	Pending Investigation :		
Paratyphoid	0	Imported : sporadic Local : sporadic	2 Imported : 2 sporadic Local : sporadic
	Pending Investigation :		
Salmonellosis (non-enteric fevers)	54	Imported : 1 sporadic Local : 49 sporadic	201 Imported : 10 sporadic Local : 188 sporadic
	Pending Investigation : 4		
Typhoid	1	Imported : 1 sporadic Local : sporadic	6 Imported : 6 sporadic Local : sporadic
	Pending Investigation :		
Acute Hepatitis A	0	Imported : sporadic Local : sporadic	6 Imported : 6 sporadic Local : sporadic
	Pending Investigation :		
Acute Hepatitis E	2	Imported : sporadic Local : 2 sporadic	4 Imported : 3 sporadic Local : 1 sporadic
	Pending Investigation :		
VECTOR-BORNE DISEASES			
Chikungunya Fever	0	Imported : sporadic Local : sporadic	3 Imported : 1 sporadic Local : 2 sporadic
	Pending Investigation :		
Dengue Fever	528	Active http://www.dengue.gov.sg	2428
Dengue Haemorrhagic Fever	2		2
Malaria	0	Imported : sporadic Local : sporadic	1 Imported : 1 sporadic Local : sporadic
	Pending Investigation :		
AIR/DROPLET-BORNE DISEASES			
Encephalitis	2	Imported : sporadic Local : 1 sporadic	3 Imported : 1 sporadic Local : 2 sporadic
	Pending Investigation : 1		
Legionellosis	0	Imported : sporadic Local : sporadic	0 Imported : sporadic Local : sporadic
	Pending Investigation :		
Meliodosis	0	Imported : sporadic Local : sporadic	5 Imported : 1 sporadic Local : 4 sporadic
	Pending Investigation :		
Meningococcal Disease	0	Imported : sporadic Local : sporadic	1 Imported : 1 sporadic Local : sporadic
	Pending Investigation :		
OTHER DISEASES			
Acute hepatitis B	2	Imported : sporadic Local : sporadic	3 Imported : 1 sporadic Local : 2 sporadic
	Pending Investigation :		
Acute hepatitis C	0	Imported : sporadic Local :	2 Imported : sporadic Local : 2
	Pending Investigation : 0		

Influenza Situation in Singapore 2016

Influenza indicators for E-week 5 (31 Jan - 6 Feb 2016) are as follows:

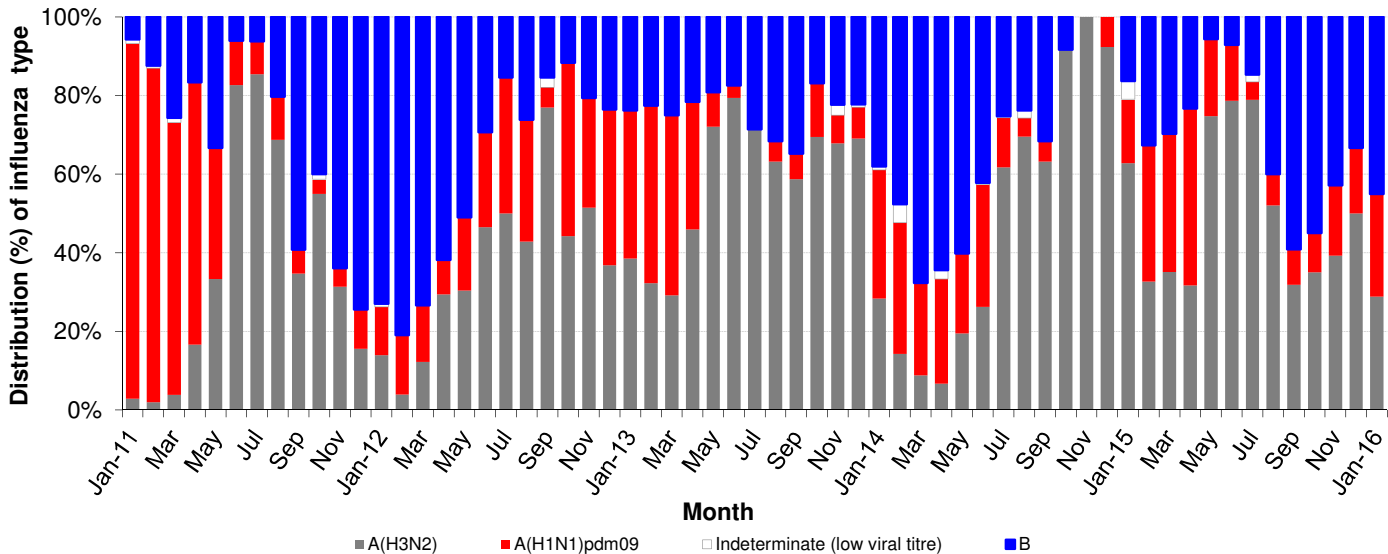
The average daily number of patients seeking treatment in the polyclinics for ARI increased from 3,111 (over 5.5 working days) in E-week 4 to 3,125 (over 5.5 working days) in E-week 5.



The proportion of patients with influenza-like illness (ILI) among the polyclinic attendances for ARI remained low at approximately 1%.

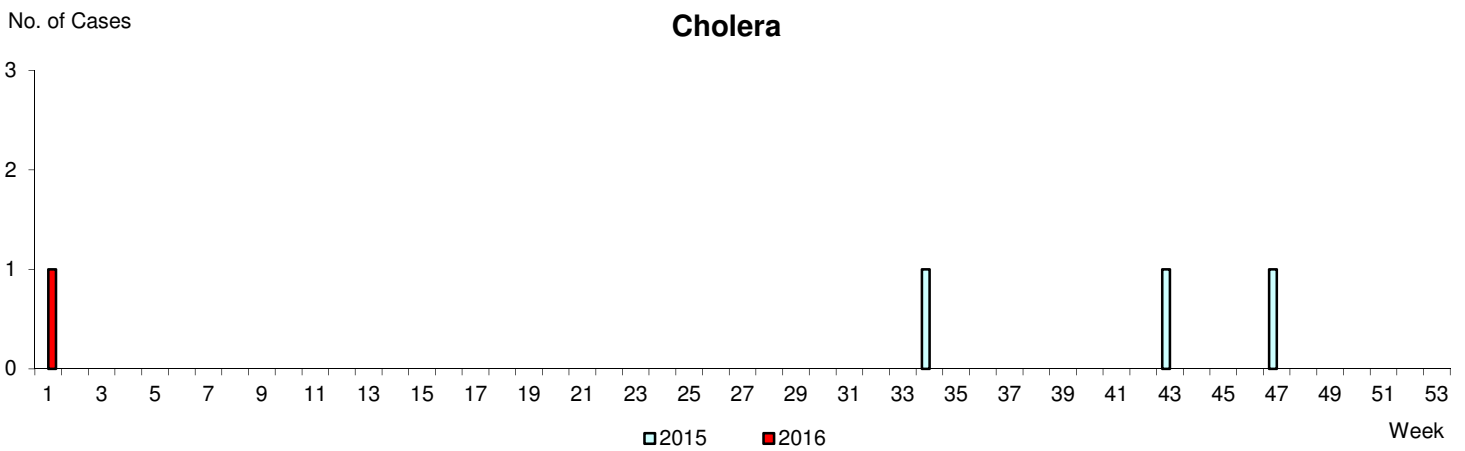
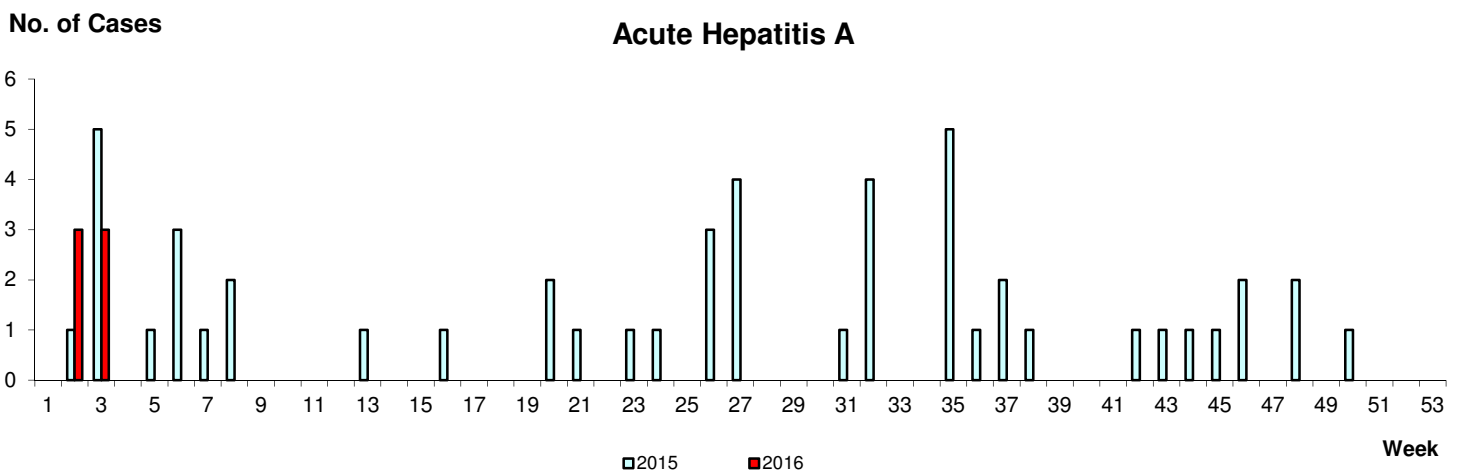
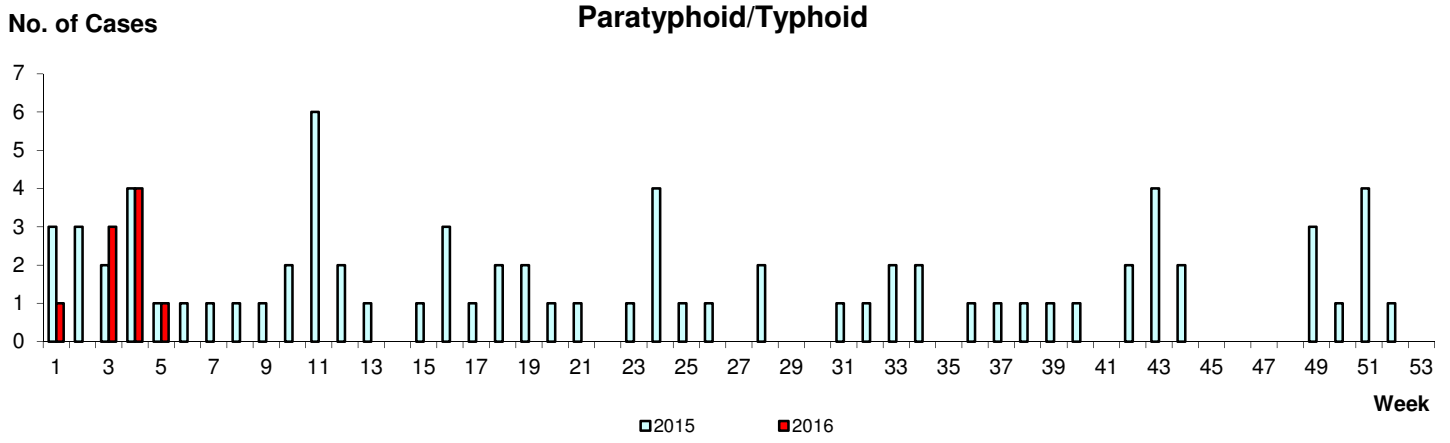
The overall prevalence of influenza among ILI samples (n=245) in the community was 62.0% in the past 4 weeks. Of the specimens tested positive for influenza in January 2016, these were positive for influenza B (45.0%), influenza A(H3N2) (28.9%), and influenza A (H1N1)pdm09 (26.1%).

Monthly Influenza Surveillance



* Based on influenza-like illness (ILI) samples from GPs and polyclinics

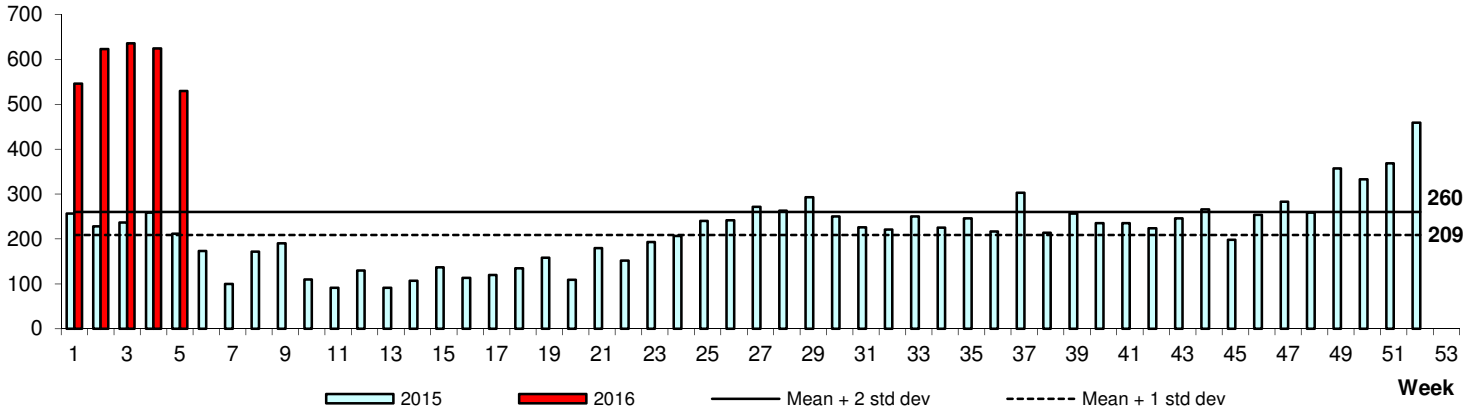
WEEKLY INCIDENCE OF FOOD/WATER-BORNE DISEASES, 2015-2016



WEEKLY INCIDENCE OF VECTOR-BORNE DISEASES, 2015-2016

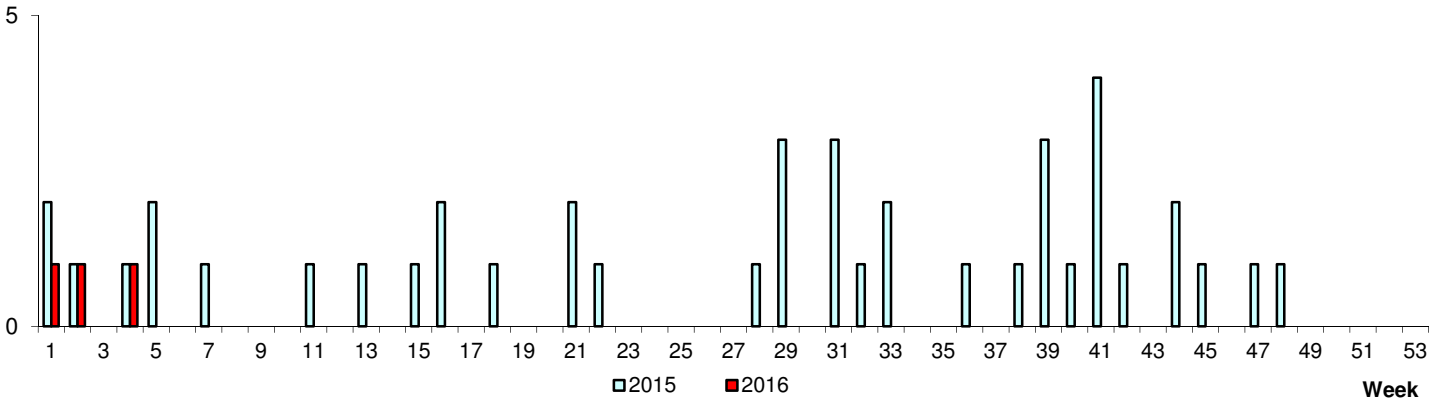
Dengue Fever/Dengue Haemorrhagic Fever

No. of Cases



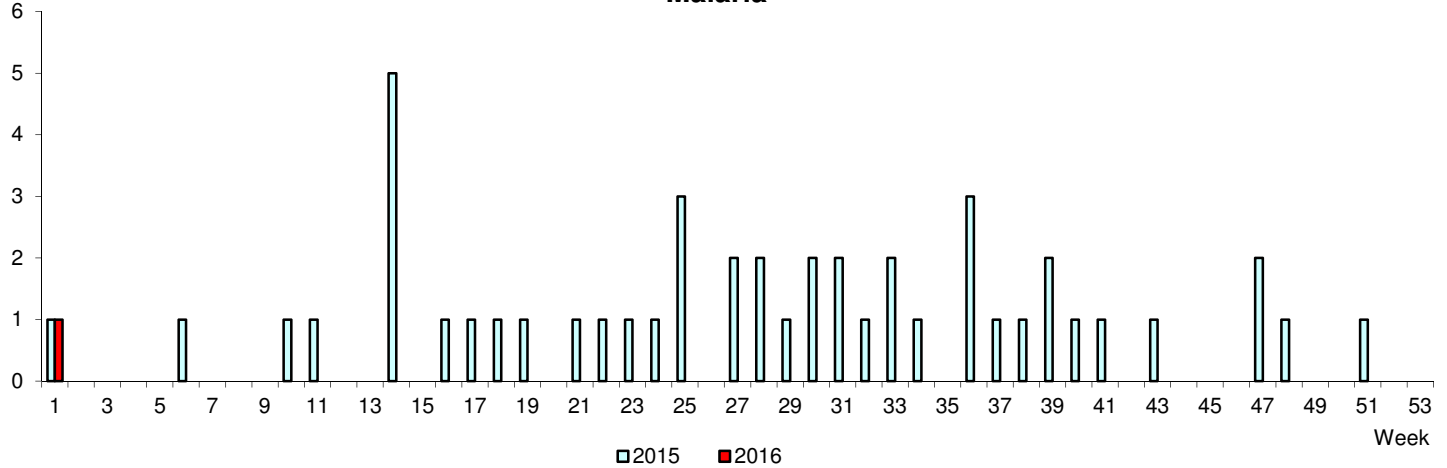
Chikungunya Fever

No. of Cases

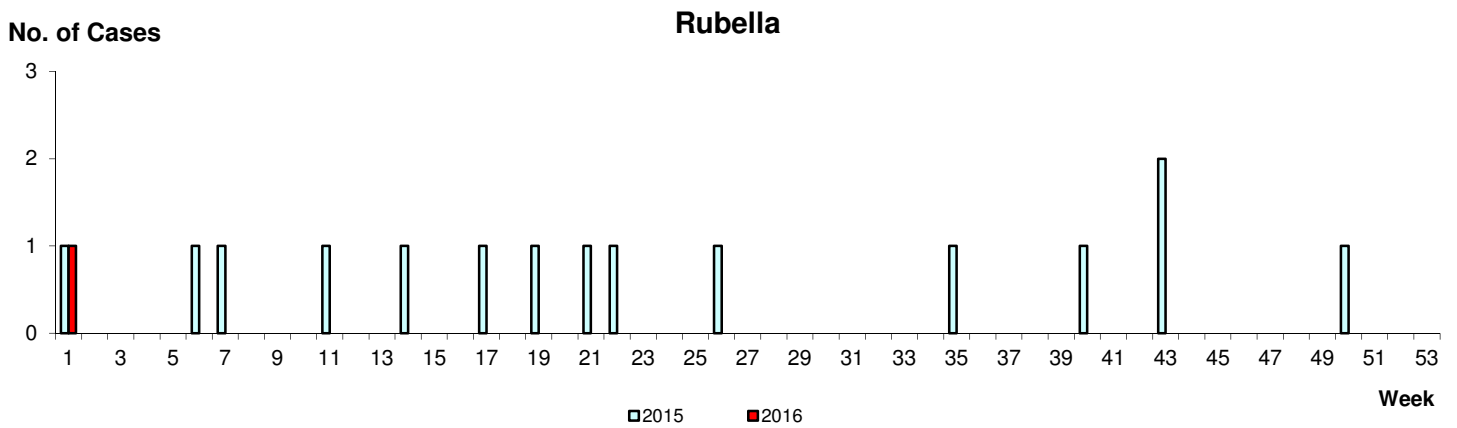
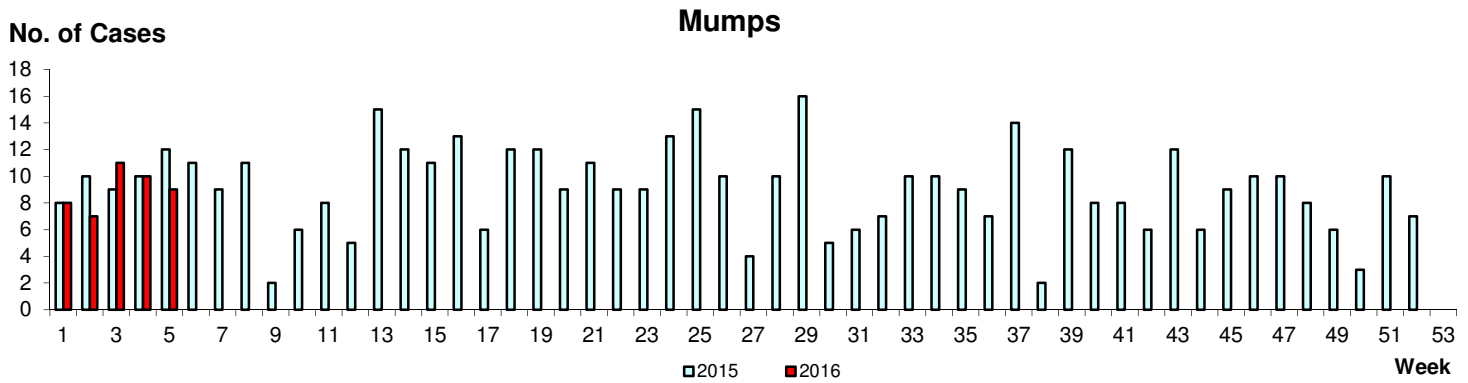
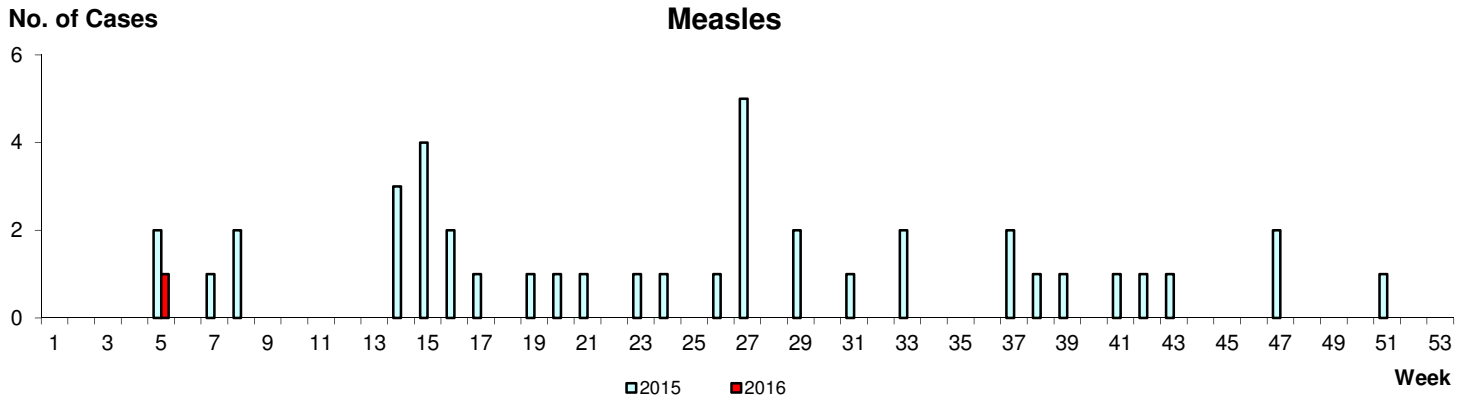


Malaria

No. of Cases

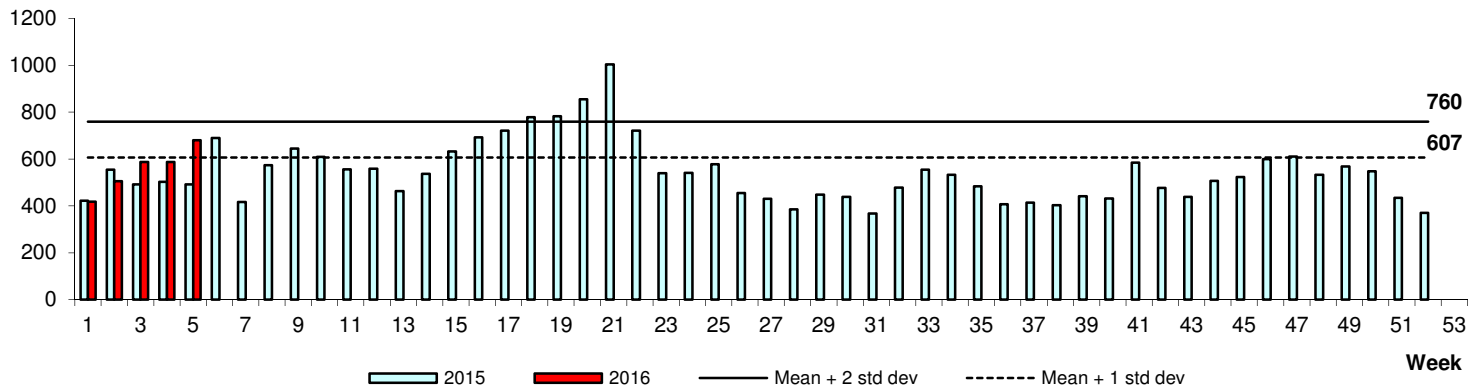


WEEKLY INCIDENCE OF AIR/DROPLET-BORNE DISEASES, 2015-2016



Hand, Foot & Mouth Disease

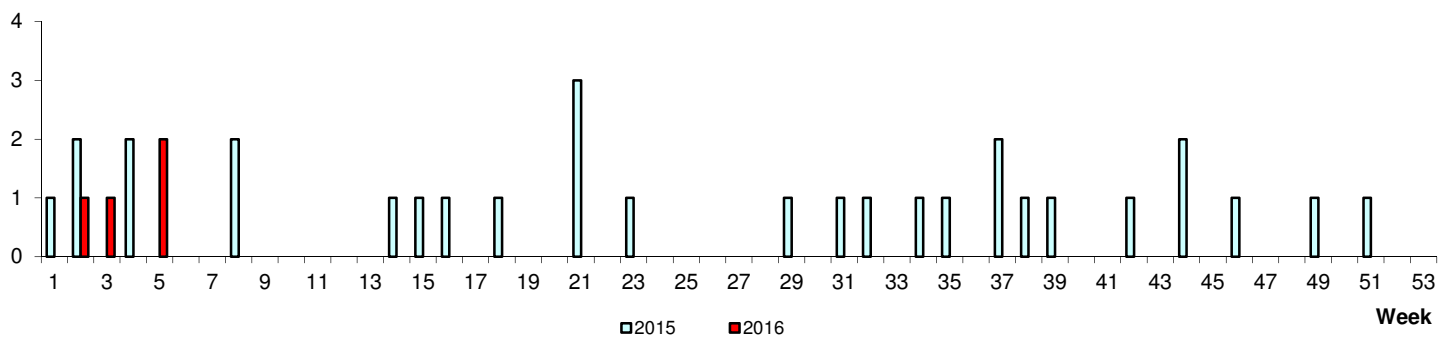
No. of Cases



WEEKLY INCIDENCE OF OTHER INFECTIOUS DISEASES, 2015-2016

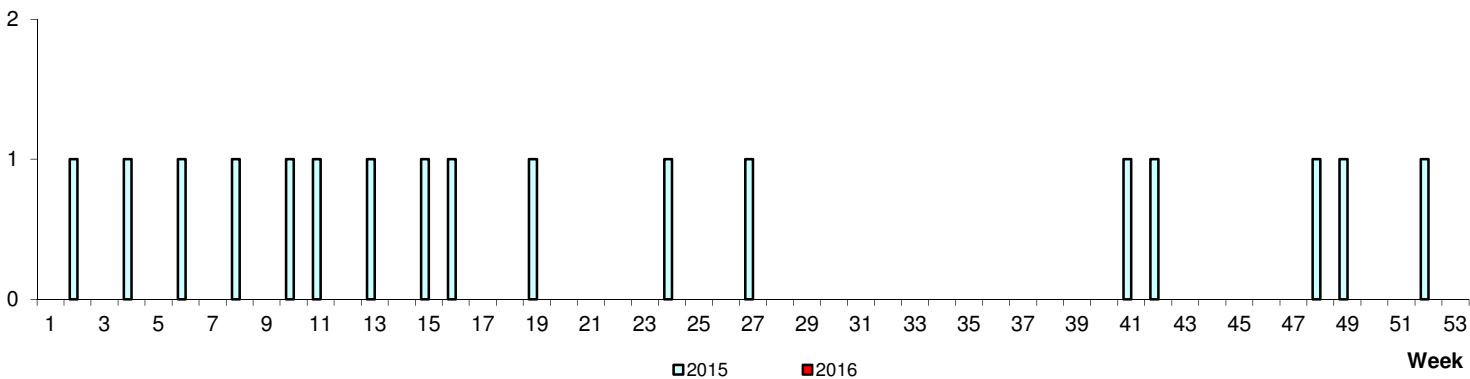
No. of Cases

Encephalitis



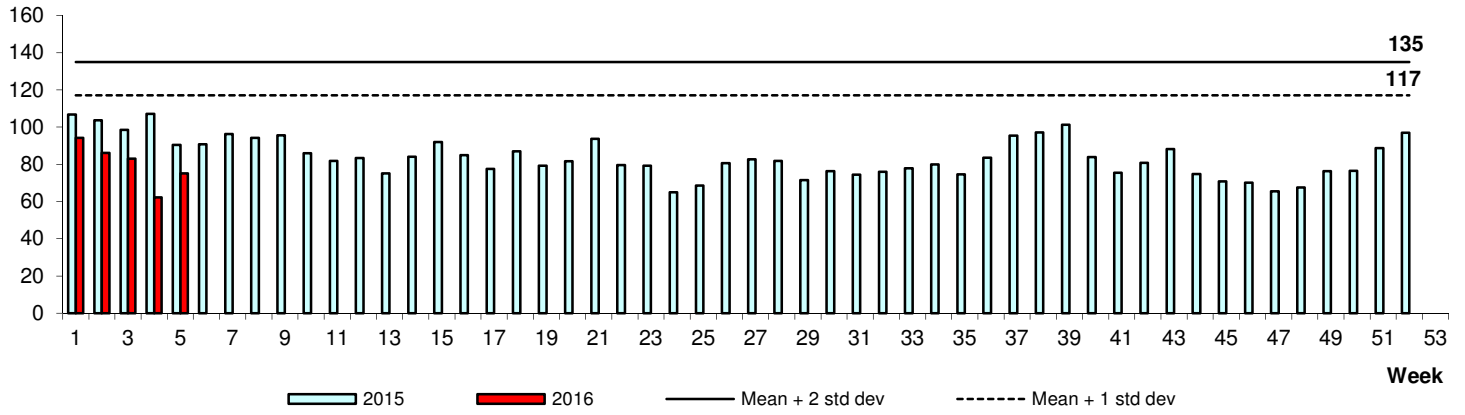
No. of Cases

Legionellosis



Conjunctivitis

Average daily no.



Average daily no.

Diarrhoeal Illness

