1. **EDUCATION AND AWARENESS**

   - Programme highlights include the Ministry of Health’s response to the Citizens’ Jury for the War on Diabetes.

2. **PEER AND COMMUNITY SUPPORT**

   - Includes the introduction of the “Go Green Guide” Diabetes awareness campaign and curriculum for children.

3. **ENHANCING SKILLS OF HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS AND CAREGIVERS**

   - MOH has adapted items from existing patient-reported outcome measures and facilitated greater peer support in 2020.

   - MOH is commencing pilot programmes led by healthcare clusters that will provide training supervisors for care team members, including diabetic nurse educators from ADES.

4. **HEALTHY LIVING**

   - Incentives
     - HPB partners with community and workplaces to disseminate the importance of diabetes in existing curriculum e.g. secondary science curriculum. An educational tear sheet has been developed on patient’s react information and communication, including diabetes reference summaries.

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   - Social Movement
     - HPB has introduced incentives aimed at the general population to encourage them to lead healthy lifestyles (e.g. NSC, EDSH). As these rewards serve mainly to change habits and proactively take control of their health.

5. **ENHANCING SKILLS OF HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS AND CAREGIVERS**

   - HPB has a loyalty programme where HealthPoints earned from participation in various programmes can be redeemed for transport vouchers such as Transitlink to top up the participant’s travel card.

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6. **MEDICAL CARE COSTS AND OUTCOMES**

   - Incentives
     - HPB partners with community and workplaces to disseminate the importance of diabetes in existing curriculum e.g. secondary science curriculum. An educational tear sheet has been developed on patient’s react information and communication, including diabetes reference summaries.

   - Peer support
     - HPB’s programmes on healthy living can be redeemed for transport vouchers such as Transitlink to top up the participant’s travel card.

   - HPB has introduced incentives aimed at the general population to encourage them to lead healthy lifestyles (e.g. NSC, EDSH). As these rewards serve mainly to change habits and proactively take control of their health.

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